

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31 (REACH)

Printing date 30.07.2018

Revision: 11.06.2018

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Ethanol, standard substance for GC
- Article number: ET0032
- · CAS Number:
- 64-17-5
- · EC number: 200-578-6
- Index number: 603-002-00-5
- · Registration number 01-2119457610-43-XXXX

# · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Sector of Use

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

· Product category PC21 Laboratory chemicals

#### Process category

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition

PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes

PROC7 Industrial spraying

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities

PROC10 Roller application or brushing

PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent

PROC13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring

#### Environmental release category

ERC4 Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article) ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)

· Article category AC30 Other articles with intended release of substances

Application of the substance / the preparation: Laboratory reagent

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

## Manufacturer/Supplier:

Scharlab, S.L. C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com

Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

## Regional representation:

Scharlab, S.L. C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65 email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

Further information obtainable from: technical department

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· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Please contact the regional Scharlab distributor/dealer in your country During normal opening times: Scharlab, S.L. (+34) 93 715 18 11

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

GHS07

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

#### 2.2 Label elements

- Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- The substance is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation. Hazard pictograms



#### · Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

P501

international regulations.

## 2.3 Other hazards

- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- · 3.1 Chemical characterisation: Substances
- **CAS No. Description** 64-17-5 ethanol

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- · Identification number(s)
- EC number: 200-578-6
- · Index number: 603-002-00-5

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- After skin contact:
- Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
- Immediately rinse with water.
- After eye contact:
- Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing:
- If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- Depression of the central nervous system.
- Drunkenness.
- Loss of coordination.
- Vertigo.
- Narcosis.
- Loss of knowledge
- **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed** No further relevant information available.
- **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed** No further relevant information available.
- **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**
- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:
- CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam. Do NOT use pressurized water.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- Protective equipment:
- In the work of extinction it is necessary to provide respiratory protection and full chemical protective clothing.
- Wear fully protective suit.
- Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.
- Stay in danger area only with artificial systems and independent breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation
- Avoid sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Use water fog to evaporate or ventilate. If confined space, use self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Dilute with plenty of water.

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- Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
  6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Ensure adequate ventilation.
  6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
  - See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
  - See Section 13 for disposal information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Earthing/equipotential bonding of the container and receiving equipment. Only use tools that do not produce sparks. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use an explosion-proof device. Keep receptacles tightly sealed. Wear an individual protective equipment. Wear chemically sealed goggles and / or face shield. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after any manipulation. Information about fire - and explosion protection: Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Protect against electrostatic charges. Protect from heat. When heatet the product forms flammable fumes. 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities · Storage: Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location. It must be stored between 5 - 40 °C. Unsuitable material for receptacle: aluminium. Do not use light alloy receptacles. Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: steel or stainless steel. Suitable material for containers and pipes: polyethylene. Information about storage in one common storage facility: Incompatible products: Alkaline metals Oxidizing agents Ammonia Peroxides Further information about storage conditions: Keep container tightly sealed. Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Store receptacle in a well ventilated area. 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

· Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

- · 8.1 Control parameters
- Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

#### 64-17-5 ethanol

WEL Long-term value: 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 1000 ppm

· DNELs

DNEL/DMEL Workers:

Acute - local effects, inhalation: 1900 mg / m3

Long term - systemic, cutaneous effects: 343 mg / kg of body weight / day

Long term - systemic, inhalation: 950 mg / m3

DNEL / DMEL Population in general:

Acute - local effects, inhalation: 950 mg / m3

Long-term - systemic effects, oral: 87 mg / kg body weight / day

Long term - systemic, cutaneous effects: 114 mg / kg of body weight / day

Long term - systemic effects, inhalation: 206 mg / m3

#### · PNECs

PNEC (Water): Fresh water: 0.96 mg / I Seawater: 0.79 mg / I Flashing, fresh water: 2.75 mg / I Flashing, seawater: 2,75 mg / I PNEC (Sediments): Freshwater sediments: 3.6 mg / kg dry weight Sediments seawater: 2.9 mg / kg dry weight PNEC (Earth): 0.63 mg / kg dry weight PNEC (Oral):

Secondary poisoning: 720 mg / kg body weight

PNEC (STP): Sewage station: 580 mg / I

Additional information:

The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

This substance is totally or partially banned from being marketed and used as a phytosanitary and / or biocidal product.

For detailed information about the prohibitions, see: Database of biocidal products: http://www.msssi.gob.es/ciudadanos/productos.do?tipo=plaguicidas

Database of phytosanitary products: http://www.magrama.gob.es/agricultura/pags/fitos/registro/ fichas/pdf/Lista\_sa.pdf

- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Personal protective equipment:
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

For handling the product should be mandatory use of personal protective equipment.

Moving work clothes after handling the product

Ensure adequate ventilation. Local extraction and general ventilation are essential to avoid the accumulation of flammable vapor mixtures.

**Respiratory protection:** Suitable respiratory protective device recommended. Filter type:

Type A. Organic compounds with high boiling point (> 65°C)

Protection against steam.

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Standard EN149.

· Protection of hands:

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

• Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

Butyl rubber, BR

Permeation: 6 (> 480 minutes) Recommended thickness of the material:  $\geq$  0.3 mm Standard EN 374

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

It is generally known that contact lenses should not be used when working with chemicals because they can contribute to the severity of possible eye damage. Standard EN 166

> Fluid Colourless

7

Alcohol-like

Not determined.

· Body protection: Use protective suit.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- General Information
- Appearance:
- Form:
- Colour: Odour:
- · Odour threshold:
- · pH-value:
- Change in condition
   Melting point/freezing point:

Melting point/freezing point:-114 °CInitial boiling point and boiling range:78.3 °CFlash point:14 °C

Flash point:

- · Flammability (solid, gas):
- · Ignition temperature:
- · Decomposition temperature:

Auto-ignition temperature:

· Explosive properties:

Not applicable. 423 °C

Not determined.

Not determined.

Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

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- Explosion limits: Lower: Upper:
- · Vapour pressure at 20 °C:
- · Density at 20 °C:
- · Relative density
- · Vapour density
- Evaporation rate
- Solubility in / Miscibility with water at 20 °C:
- · Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:
- Viscosity: Dynamic at 20 °C: Kinematic at 40 °C:
- 9.2 Other information

3.5 Vol % 15 Vol %

60.928 hPa

0.788 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Not determined. Not determined. Not determined.

1,000 g/l

Not determined.

1.2 mPas 0.51 mm2/s (DIN 53211/4) No further relevant information available.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Reacts with strong acids and oxidising agents. Reacts with silver nitrate and mercuric nitrate.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid Heat, open flames and sparks
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

#### Oral LD50 6,200 mg/kg (rat)

Inhalative LC50/4 h 20,000 mg/l (rat)

· Primary irritant effect:

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

· Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **STOT-single exposure** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **STOT-repeated exposure** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity:

This product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or that causes long-term adverse effects on the environment.

CL50 fish: 13000 mg / I Pimephales promelas

EC50 other aquatic organisms 1: 857 mg / I Artemia salina

- EC50 72h algae 1: 12900 mg / I Selenastrum capricornutum
- 12.2 Persistence and degradability Easily biodegradable
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Log Pow: -0,35
- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

- **Recommendation** Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

· 14.1 UN-Number ADR, IMDG, IATA UN1170 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR 1170 ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) · IMDG ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) · IATA ETHANOL · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) ADR, IMDG, IATA · Class 3 Flammable liquids. · Label 3 · 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA · 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant: No (Contd. on page 9)



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Trade name. Ethanoi, standard substance for	GC	
<ul> <li>14.6 Special precautions for user</li> <li>Danger code (Kemler):</li> <li>EMS Number:</li> <li>Stowage Category</li> <li>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Anno of Marpol and the IBC Code</li> </ul>	Warning: Flammable liquids. 33 F-E,S-D A Not applicable.	(Contd. of page 8)
Transport/Additional information:		
ADR     Limited quantities (LQ)     Transport category     Tunnel restriction code     UN "Model Regulation":	1L 2 D/E UN 1170 ETHANOL (ETHYL ALC	COHOL), 3, II

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

de name: Ethanol, standard substance for CC

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I Substance is not listed.
- Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 40
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method up

The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

- · Department issuing SDS: product safety department
- · Contact: msds@scharlab.com
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

- EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
- PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
- Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

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## Annex: Exposure scenario 1

• 1 - Short title of the exposure scenario Exposure scenario: Ethanol absolute Industrial use

#### · Sector of Use

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

Process category

PROC1 Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions.

PROC2 Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions

PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch processes with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition

PROC4 Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises

- PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes
- PROC7 Industrial spraying

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities

- PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
- PROC10 Roller application or brushing
- PROC13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
- PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent

#### Environmental release category

ERC4 Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article) **Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario** 

Process assistant

Cleaning agent

Solvent or component of a coating

- Application methods included:
- Application with brush or roller.
- Bath treatment
- Spray
- Immersion
- Soaking
- Manual or automatic spraying

· 2 - Conditions of use

## · Duration and frequency

Continuous process Emission days (days/year): 300 8hrs (full working shift).

· Environment

Local dissolution factor in fresh water: 10

Local dissolution factor in seawater: 100

Wastewater is to be treated by a municipal STP. Municipal STP discharge rate <2E3 m3/d. Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): 87

## · Physical parameters

The substance is a unique structure

Not hydrophobic

Liquid, vapor pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at standardized temperature and pressure Miscible in water

Practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms

- Readily biodegradable
- Low bioaccumulation potential
- Physical state Fluid
- Concentration of the substance in the mixture
- It covers a percentage of substance in the product up to 100 %

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	Raw material.	, , , , , ,
	Used amount per time or activity	
	3000 tons per year	
	1000 kg per day	
	Other operational conditions	
	Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure	
	Source: ESVOC SpERC 4.3a.v1	
	Fraction released to air from process (initial release previous to MGR): 0.9	8
	Fraction released to residual water from process (initial release previous to	
	Fraction released to ground from process (initial release previous to MGR)	
	Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure	,
	Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature, unless	stated differently.
	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.	
	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.	
	May be rolled or sprayed.	
	Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in closed rooms.	
	· Risk management measures	
	· Worker protection	
	Organisational protective measures	
	Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per	r bour)
	Surround with a dyke storage facilities to prevent contamination of soil and	
	Avoid the discharge to the environment, in line with the regulatory requirer	
	Keep good industrial hygiene.	lients
	Make sure that the workplace is well-lit and organised.	
	Do not exceed normal working hours per worker.	
	Technical protective measures	
	Use product only in enclosed systems.	
	Keep receptacles tightly sealed.	
	Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.	
	Personal protective measures	
	Tightly sealed goggles	
	Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.	
	Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.	
	Detailed measures on hand protection according to Safety Data Sheet, se	ction 8.
	• Measures for consumer protection Ensure adequate labelling.	
	Environmental protection measures	
	• Air Treat the emissions to the atmosphere to provide a removal efficiency	typical of (%): 90
	·Water	
	The product should not be released into water without pretreatment	
	treatment is recommended. The typical site treatment technology of wast	tewater achieves remova
	efficiency (%): (≥87)	
	Size of sewage treatment plant (m3/d): 2000	
	In case of discharge to a domestic wastewater treatment plant, it is no	ot necessary to treat the
	wastewater in situ.	
	· Soil	
	No significant emissions to the terrestrial environment are expected.	
	No special measures required.	
	Notes In case of unintended release of the product: See section 6 of the S	Safety Data Sheet.
	· Disposal measures	
	Estimated amount has gone to waste, no more than: 5 %	
	Type of treatment suitable for waste: incineration. Elimination efficiency (%	6): 99.98
	Type of treatment suitable for waste: fuel for cement kilns. Elimination efficiency	
	Treat as hazardous waste.	
	Forward for special waste incineration in compliance with local legal provis	sions.
	Disposal must be made according to official regulations.	
	Ensure that waste is collected and contained.	
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•	Disposal procedures
	Product residues are incinerated as special waste.
	Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage
	system.
	Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging
	3 - Exposure estimation
	Worker (dermal)
	PROC 1. 0.03 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: <0.001
	PROC 2. 1.4 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.004
	PROC 3. 0.69 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.002
	PROC 4. 6.9 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.02
	PROC 5. 14 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.04
	PROC 7. 43 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.125
	PROC 8a. 14 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.04
	PROC 8b. 14 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.04
	PROC 10. 27 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.08
	PROC 13. 14 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.04
	PROC 15. 0.34 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: <0.001
	Worker (inhalation)
	PROC: 1. 8 hours average 0.019 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: <0.001
	PROC: 2. 8 hours average 9.6 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.01
	PROC: 3. 8 hours average 19 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.02
	PROC: 4. 8 hours average 38 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.04
	PROC: 5. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
	PROC: 7. 8 hours average 140 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.151
	PROC: 8a. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
	PROC: 8b. 8 hours average 48 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.05
	PROC: 10. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
	PROC: 13. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.101
	PROC: 15. 8 hours average 19 mg / m3. Risk characterization ratio: 0.02
	Environment
	PEC for microorganisms in municipal sewage plant: 6.32E + 00 mg / I: Risk characterization ratio:
	1.09E-02
	Local PEC in surface waters: 5.77E-01 mg / I. Risk characterization ratio: 6.01E-01
	Local PEC in freshwater sediment 2.21E + 00 mg / I. Risk characterization ratio: 6.01E-01 Local PEC in seawater during the emission episode: 6.35E-02 mg / I. Risk characterization ratio:
	8.04E-02
	Local PEC in marine sediments: 2.44E-01 mg / I. Risk characterization ratio: 8.05E-02
	Local PEC in the soil: 5.25E-02 mg / I. Risk characterization ratio: 3.09E-01
	The risk of environmental exposure is based on fresh water.
	4 - Guidance for downstream users
	Environment:
	Msafe: 124000 kg / day
	The guidelines are based on the assumed operating conditions, which may not be applicable to all
	sites; therefore, it may be necessary to apply scaling to define the risk management measures
	specific to each site.
	specifie to each site.
	(mspERC * (1-EER, spERC)) * Frelease, spERC) / (DFspERC) ≥ (msite * (1-EER, site) * Frelease,
	site) (/ DFsite)
	MspERC: Rate of use of the substance in the SPERC
	· EER, spERC: Efficiency of the MGR in the SPERC
	• EER, spERC: Fraction of initial emission in the SPERC
	· DFspERC: Dissolution factor in the effluent rivers of the municipal wastewater treatment plant
	Msite: Rate of use of the substance at the site.
	• EER, site: Effectiveness of the MGR on the site.

tiveness of the MGR on the site.

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· Frelease, site: Fraction of initial emission at the site.

• DFsite: Dissolution factor in the effluent rivers of the municipal wastewater treatment plant. If the escalation reveals the possibility of unsafe use (eg, CCR> 1), additional MGR or site-specific chemical safety assessment will be required. More information on scaling and control technologies in the SPERC data sheet (http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html)

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.

Whether the downstream user uses the substance / the mixture within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be determined by means of a technical assessment.

For the risk assessment, the tools recommended by ECHA can be used. Health:

Inhalation (vapor). No correction is required since an 8-hour exposure is assumed in all cases (evaluation in the worst case). No correction is required as it is assumed that all exposures correspond to substance concentrations of up to 100%.

Cutaneous: No correction is required as it is assumed that all exposures correspond to substance concentrations of up to 100%. No correction is required since an 8-hour exposure is assumed in all cases (evaluation in the worst case).

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## Annex: Exposure scenario 2

• 1 - Short title of the exposure scenario Exposure scenario: Ethanol absolute Laboratory use

## · Sector of Use

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

- Process category
   PROC10 Roller application or brushing
   PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- · Environmental release category
- ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor) • Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario
- Use of small quantities in laboratory environments, including material transfers and equipment cleaning.
- · 2 Conditions of use
- Duration and frequency Continuous process Emission days (days/year): 365
- 8hrs (full working shift).
- Physical parameters
- The substance is a unique structure

Not hydrophobic Liquid, vapor pressure 0.5 - 10 kPa at standardized temperature and pressure Miscible in water

Practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms

Readily biodegradable

Low bioaccumulation potential

- · Physical state Fluid
- Concentration of the substance in the mixture
- It covers a percentage of substance in the product up to 100 % Raw material.
- · Used amount per time or activity
- 0.01 tons per year
- 0.0274 kg per day
- Other operational conditions

#### Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure Source: ESVOC SpERC 8.17.v1

Fraction released to air from process (initial release previous to MGR): 0.5 Fraction released to residual water from process (initial release previous to MGR): 0.5 Fraction released to ground from process (initial release previous to MGR): 0

#### · Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. May be rolled or sprayed.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in closed rooms.

- · Risk management measures
- · Worker protection

## · Organisational protective measures

Avoid the discharge to the environment, in line with the regulatory requirements Keep good industrial hygiene.

Make sure that the workplace is well-lit and organised.

Do not exceed normal working hours per worker.

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Technical protective measures	(Contd. of page 14
Use product only in enclosed systems.	
Keep receptacles tightly sealed.	
Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.	
· Personal protective measures	
Tightly sealed goggles	
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.	
Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.	
Detailed measures on hand protection according to Safety D	Data Sheet, section 8.
· Measures for consumer protection Ensure adequate labe	lling.
Environmental protection measures	-
Air	
No special measures required.	
Treat the emissions to the atmosphere to provide a removal	efficiency typical of (%): 90
Water	
Do not release waste water directly into the environment.	In situ treatment of wastewater is no
taken for granted.	
· Soil	
No significant emissions to the terrestrial environment are ex	xpected.
No special measures required.	
· Notes In case of unintended release of the product: See sec	ction 6 of the Safety Data Sheet.
· Disposal measures	
Type of treatment suitable for waste: incineration. Elimination	n efficiency (%): 99.98
Treat as hazardous waste.	
Forward for special waste incineration in compliance with loc	cal legal provisions.
Disposal must be made according to official regulations.	
Ensure that waste is collected and contained.	
Disposal procedures	
Product residues are incinerated as special waste.	
Must not be disposed together with household garbage. I	Do not allow product to reach sewage
system.	
• Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging	
· 3 - Exposure estimation	
• Worker (dermal)	
PROC 10. 27 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: 0.08	001
PROC 15. 0.34 mg / kg / day. Risk characterization ratio: <0	.001
• Worker (inhalation)	on ratio: 0.101
PROC: 10. 8 hours average 96 mg / m3. Risk characterization	
PROC: 15. 8 hours average 19 mg / m3. Risk characterization • Environment	011 TallO. 0.02
PEC for microorganisms in municipal sewage plant: 6.32E	+ 00 mg / I: Risk characterization ratio
1.09E-02	Too mg / 1. Nisk characterization falle
Local PEC in surface waters: 5.77E-01 mg / I. Risk characte	rization ratio: 6.01E-01
Local PEC in freshwater sediment 2.21E + 00 mg / I. Risk character	
Local PEC in seawater during the emission episode: 6.35E	
8.04E-02	
Local PEC in marine sediments: 2.44E-01 mg / I. Risk chara	cterization ratio: 8.05E-02
Local PEC in the soil: 5.25E-02 mg / I. Risk characterization	
The risk of environmental exposure is based on the soil.	
• 4 - Guidance for downstream users	
Environment:	
Msafe: 124000 kg / day	
Not applicable for wide dispersive applications.	
More information on scaling and control technologies in the	SPERC data sheet (http://cefic.org/en
reach-for-industries-libraries.html)	
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