

Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- *Trade name:* 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-meth
- · Article number: DI1288
- · CAS Number:

123-91-1

· EC number:

204-661-8

· Index number:

- 603-024-00-5

 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- No further relevant information available.

 Application of the substance / the preparation: Laboratory reagent
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

· Regional representation:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

- · Further information obtainable from: technical department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Please contact the regional Scharlab distributor/dealer in your country During normal opening times: Scharlab, S.L. (+34) 93 715 18 11

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



GHS08 health hazard

Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.



Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

(Contd. on page 2)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

Trade name: 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Ditert-butyl-4-meth

(Contd. of page 1)

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The substance is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms







GHS02 GHS07

- Signal word Danger
- · Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

· Additional information:

EUH019 May form explosive peroxides.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT**: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.1 Chemical characterisation: Substances
- · CAS No. Description

123-91-1 1,4-dioxane

- Identification number(s)
- EC number: 204-661-8
- · Index number: 603-024-00-5

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
- · After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

(Contd. on page 3)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

Trade name: 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Ditert-butyl-4-meth

(Contd. of page 2)

- · After swallowing: If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No further relevant information available.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: No special measures required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
- · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Dilute with plenty of water.

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling Open and handle receptacle with care.
- · Information about fire and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

(Contd. on page 4)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

Trade name: 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Ditert-butyl-4-meth

(Contd. of page 3)

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

123-91-1 1,4-dioxane

WEL Long-term value: 73 mg/m³, 20 ppm

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

• Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information
- · Appearance:

Form: Fluid Colourless
Odour: Ether-like
Odour threshold: Not determined.

• **pH-value:** Not determined.

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

Trade name: 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Ditert-butyl-4-meth

(Contd. of page 4)

· Change in condition

Melting point/freezing point: 11.8 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range: 101.3 °C

· Flash point: 11 °C

· Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

· Ignition temperature: 375 °C

Decomposition temperature: Not determined.
 Auto-ignition temperature: Not determined.

• Explosive properties: May form explosive peroxides.

· Explosion limits:

 Lower:
 1.9 Vol %

 Upper:
 22.5 Vol %

· Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 41 hPa

Density at 20 °C:
 Relative density
 Vapour density
 Evaporation rate
 1.0336 g/cm³
 Not determined.
 Not determined.

Solubility in / Miscibility with

water: Fully miscible.Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined.

· Viscosity:

Dynamic at 20 °C: 1.2 mPas **Kinematic:** Not determined.

• **9.2 Other information** No further relevant information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

Oral LD50 5,700 mg/kg (mouse) Dermal LD50 7,600 mg/kg (rabbit)

Inhalative LC50/4 h 46 mg/l (rat)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

(Contd. on page 6)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

Trade name: 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Ditert-butyl-4-meth

(Contd. of page 5)

- · Serious eye damage/irritation
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity
 - Suspected of causing cancer.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-single exposure
 - May cause respiratory irritation.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 2 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into the ground.

- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agents: Water, if necessary together with cleansing agents.

SECTION 14: Transport information

- · 14.1 UN-Number
- · ADR, IMDG, IATA UN1165
- · 14.2 UN proper shipping name
- · ADR 1165 DIOXANE

· IMDG, IATA DIOXANE

(Contd. on page 7)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

Trade name: 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Ditert-butyl-4-meth

(Contd. of page 6)

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR, IMDG, IATA



· Class 3 Flammable liquids.

Label 3

· 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA

· 14.5 Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant:

• 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Flammable liquids.

Danger code (Kemler): 33
EMS Number: 3-06
Stowage Category B

· 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II

of Marpol and the IBC Code Not applicable.

· Transport/Additional information:

· ADR

Limited quantities (LQ)
 Transport category
 Tunnel restriction code

· UN "Model Regulation": UN 1165 DIOXANE, 3, II

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I Substance is not listed.
- Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 40
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

- · Department issuing SDS: product safety department
- · Contact: msds@scharlab.com
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

(Contd. on page 8)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 21.07.2017

Trade name: 1,4-Dioxane, 99,5%, anhydrous (max. 0,005% H2O), stabilized with 2,5 ppm of 2,6-Ditert-butyl-4-meth

(Contd. of page 7)

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the

International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids - Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3