

Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

· Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

· Article number: AC0143

• **CAS Number:** 141-78-6

• **EC number:** 205-500-4

· Index number: 607-022-00-5

· Registration number 01-2119475103-46-XXXX

• 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the preparation: Laboratory reagent

· 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

· Manufacturer/Supplier:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

Regional representation:

Scharlab, S.L.

C/Gato Pérez, 33. Pol.Ind. Mas d'en Cisa 08181 Sentmenat (Barcelona) SPAIN

Tel: (+34) 93 745 64 00 - FAX: (+34) 93 715 27 65

email: scharlab@scharlab.com Internet Web Site: www.scharlab.com

- · Further information obtainable from: technical department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Please contact the regional Scharlab distributor/dealer in your country During normal opening times: Scharlab, S.L. (+34) 93 715 18 11

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS02 flame

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.



Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The substance is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

(Contd. on page 2)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 1)

### · Hazard pictograms





GHS02 GHS01

- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

· Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/

international regulations.

· Additional information:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

- · 2.3 Other hazards
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- · 3.1 Chemical characterisation: Substances
- · CAS No. Description
- 141-78-6 ethyl acetate
- Identification number(s)
- · EC number: 205-500-4
- · Index number: 607-022-00-5

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
- · After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

- · After swallowing: If symptoms persist consult doctor.
- · 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No further relevant information available.

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 2)

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No further relevant information available.

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: No special measures required.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
   Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
- · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- · 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Ensure adequate ventilation.

- · 6.4 Reference to other sections
- See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
- See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

- · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling No special precautions are necessary if used correctly.
- · Information about fire and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed receptacles.

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- 8.1 Control parameters
- Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

### 141-78-6 ethyl acetate

WEL Short-term value: 400 ppm Long-term value: 200 ppm

Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

(Contd. on page 4)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 3)

- 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

- · Respiratory protection: Not required.
- Protection of hands:

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

- · 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- General Information

· Appearance:

Form: Fluid
Colour: Colourless
Odour: Fruit-like
Odour threshold: Not determined.

· **pH-value:** Not determined.

· Change in condition

Melting point/freezing point: -83.57 °C Initial boiling point and boiling range: 77-78 °C

· Flash point: -4 °C

· Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.

· Ignition temperature: 460 °C

Decomposition temperature: Not determined.
 Auto-ignition temperature: Not determined.

Explosive properties: Product is not explosive. However, formation of

explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.

· Explosion limits:

**Lower:** 2.1 Vol %

(Contd. on page 5)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 4)

Upper: 11.5 Vol %
Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 97 hPa
Density at 20 °C: 0.9 g/cm³
Relative density Not determined.
Vapour density Not determined.
Evaporation rate Not determined.

· Solubility in / Miscibility with

**water at 20 °C:** 79 g/l

· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not determined.

Viscosity:

**Dynamic at 20 °C:** 0.44 mPas **Kinematic:** Not determined.

• 9.2 Other information No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: No dangerous decomposition products known.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

Oral LD50 5,620 mg/kg (rabbit)

Inhalative LC50/4 h 1,600 mg/l (rat)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 6)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 5)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Assessment by list): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

· 14.1 UN-Number

· ADR, IMDG, IATA UN1173

14.2 UN proper shipping name

· ADR 1173 ETHYL ACETATE ETHYL ACETATE

· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

· ADR, IMDG, IATA



· Class 3 Flammable liquids.

· Label 3

· 14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA

· 14.5 Environmental hazards:

· Marine pollutant: No

• 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Flammable liquids.

Danger code (Kemler): 33
EMS Number: F-E,S-D
Stowage Category B

· Transport/Additional information:

ADR

· Limited quantities (LQ) 1L · Transport category 2

(Contd. on page 7)



Revision: 30.10.2017 Printing date 30.07.2018

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 6)

· Tunnel restriction code

D/F

· UN "Model Regulation":

UN 1173 ETHYL ACETATE, 3, II

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I Substance is not listed.
- Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3, 40
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The classification of the mixture is generally based on the calculation method using substance data according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

- Department issuing SDS: product safety department
- Contact: msds@scharlab.com
- Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

(Contd. on page 8)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 7)

### **Annex: Exposure scenario 1**

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Industrial use
- · Sector of Use

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

- · Process category PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- · Environmental release category

ERC4 Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)

Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario
 See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.

- · 2 Conditions of use
- · Duration and frequency

Emission days (days/year): 300

5 workdays/week.

- · Worker Permanent use with exposure up to 8 hrs every work day of the week.
- Environment

Wastewater is to be treated by a municipal STP. Municipal STP discharge rate <2E3 m3/d.

- · Physical parameters
- · Physical state Fluid
- · Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.
- · Used amount per time or activity

5000 tons per year

17 kg per day

- Other operational conditions
- · Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Fraction released to air from process (initial release previous to MGR): 1

Fraction released to residual water from process (initial release previous to MGR): 1

Fraction released to ground from process (initial release previous to MGR): 0.2

· Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Avoid contact with eyes.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

- · Risk management measures
- · Worker protection
- · Organisational protective measures

Keep good industrial hygiene.

Surround with a dyke storage facilities to prevent contamination of soil and water in case of spillage

· Technical protective measures

Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

· Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Tightly sealed goggles

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

- Measures for consumer protection Ensure adequate labelling.
- · Environmental protection measures
- · Air No special measures required.
- · Water No special measures required.
- · Soil No special measures required.

(Contd. on page 9)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 8)

### · Disposal measures

Estimated amount has gone to waste, no more than: 5 %

Forward for special waste incineration in compliance with local legal provisions.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Ensure that waste is collected and contained.

External recovery of waste. Type of treatment: redistillation

### · 3 - Exposure estimation

- · Worker (dermal) PROC 15: 0.34 (mg/kg/d)
- · Worker (inhalation) PROC 15: 30 (mg/m3)
- Environment

The highest environmental exposure to be expected in purification plants is 0.822 mg / L.

The highest environmental exposure to be expected for surface waters is 0.0851 mg / L.

The maximum exposure to expect on freshwater (sediment) 0.113 mg/L. RCR: 0.403

Concentration / maximum emission: Seawater 0.0085 mg/l

The maximum exposure to expect on marine water (sediment) 0.0013 mg/L. RCR: 0.0403

The maximum exposure to expect on agricultural soil 0.0002 mg/L. RCR: 0.0007

#### · 4 - Guidance for downstream users

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.

Whether the downstream user uses the substance / the mixture within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be determined by means of a technical assessment.

Inhalation (vapor). Exposure between 1 and 4 hours to another over four hours, multiply by 1,7 For the risk assessment, the tools recommended by ECHA can be used.

(Contd. on page 10)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 9)

### **Annex: Exposure scenario 2**

- · 1 Short title of the exposure scenario Laboratory use
- · Sector of Use

SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

- · Process category PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent
- · Environmental release category

ERC8a Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor)

Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario
 See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.

- · 2 Conditions of use
- · Duration and frequency

Emission days (days/year): 300

5 workdays/week.

- · Worker Permanent use with exposure up to 8 hrs every work day of the week.
- Environment

Wastewater is to be treated by a municipal STP. Municipal STP discharge rate <2E3 m3/d.

- · Physical parameters
- · Physical state Fluid
- Concentration of the substance in the mixture Raw material.
- · Used amount per time or activity

5000 tons per year

17 kg per day

- · Other operational conditions
- · Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Fraction released to air from process (initial release previous to MGR): 1

Fraction released to residual water from process (initial release previous to MGR): 1

Fraction released to ground from process (initial release previous to MGR): 0.2

· Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature, unless stated differently. Avoid contact with eyes.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

- · Risk management measures
- · Worker protection
- · Organisational protective measures

Keep good industrial hygiene.

Surround with a dyke storage facilities to prevent contamination of soil and water in case of spillage

Technical protective measures

Provide explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Tightly sealed goggles

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

- · Measures for consumer protection Ensure adequate labelling.
- · Environmental protection measures
- · Air No special measures required.
- · Water No special measures required.
- · Soil No special measures required.

(Contd. on page 11)



Printing date 30.07.2018 Revision: 30.10.2017

Trade name: Ethyl acetate, extra pure, Pharmpur®, Ph Eur, BP, NF

(Contd. of page 10)

### · Disposal measures

Estimated amount has gone to waste, no more than: 5 %

Forward for special waste incineration in compliance with local legal provisions.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Ensure that waste is collected and contained.

External recovery of waste. Type of treatment: redistillation

- · 3 Exposure estimation
- · Worker (dermal) PROC 15: 0.34 (mg/kg/d)
- · Worker (inhalation) PROC 15: 30 (mg/m3)
- Environment

The highest environmental exposure to be expected in purification plants is 0.822 mg / L.

The highest environmental exposure to be expected for surface waters is 0.0851 mg/L.

The maximum exposure to expect on freshwater (sediment) 0.113 mg/L. RCR: 0.403

Concentration / maximum emission: Seawater 0.0085 mg/l

The maximum exposure to expect on marine water (sediment) 0.0013 mg/L. RCR: 0.0403

The maximum exposure to expect on agricultural soil 0.0002 mg/L. RCR: 0.0007

#### · 4 - Guidance for downstream users

Whether the downstream user acts within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be verified based on the information in sections 1 to 8.

Whether the downstream user uses the substance / the mixture within the scope of the Exposure Scenario can be determined by means of a technical assessment.

Inhalation (vapor). Exposure between 1 and 4 hours to another over four hours, multiply by 1,7 For the risk assessment, the tools recommended by ECHA can be used.