

# Safety data sheet

Safe Work Australia - Code of Practice



Acetaldehyde  $\geq 99,5\%$ , p.a.

article number: **3004**  
Version: **GHS 1.0 en**

date of compilation: 2018-01-15

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Identification of the substance	<b>Acetaldehyde</b>
Article number	3004
Registration number (REACH)	This information is not available.
Index No	605-003-00-6
EC number	200-836-8
CAS number	75-07-0

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses:** laboratory chemical

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Carl Roth GmbH + Co KG  
Schoemperlenstr. 3-5  
D-76185 Karlsruhe  
Germany

**Telephone:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 0

**Telefax:** +49 (0) 721 - 56 06 149

**e-mail:** [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)

**Website:** [www.carlroth.de](http://www.carlroth.de)

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet : Department Health, Safety and Environment

**e-mail (competent person)** : [sicherheit@carlroth.de](mailto:sicherheit@carlroth.de)

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service **Poison Centre Munich: +49/(0)89 19240**

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Classification acc. to GHS			
Section	Hazard class	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
2.6	flammable liquid	(Flam. Liq. 1)	H224
3.10	acute toxicity (oral)	(Acute Tox. 4)	H302
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	(Eye Irrit. 2)	H319
3.6	carcinogenicity	(Carc. 2)	H351
3.8R	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	(STOT SE 3)	H335

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## 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling GHS

#### Signal word

**Danger**

#### Pictograms



#### Hazard statements

H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer

#### Precautionary statements

##### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

##### **Precautionary statements - response**

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

##### **Precautionary statements - storage**

P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

##### **Precautionary statements - disposal**

P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.
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For professional users only

#### **Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml**

Signal word: **Danger**

Symbol(s)



H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.

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P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## 2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Name of substance	Ethanal
Index No	605-003-00-6
EC number	200-836-8
CAS number	75-07-0
Molecular formula	$C_2H_4O$
Molar mass	44.05 g/mol

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### General notes

Take off contaminated clothing.

#### Following inhalation

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions.

#### Following skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

#### Following eye contact

Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Consult an ophthalmologist.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a doctor.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation, Cough, Dyspnoea, Vomiting, Nausea, Spasms

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings  
water spray, foam, dry extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Hazardous combustion products

In case of fire may be liberated: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Vapours are heavier than air. Beware of reignition. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### For non-emergency personnel

Do not breathe vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Explosive properties.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advices on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advices on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use extractor hood (laboratory). Provide adequate ventilation. When not in use, keep containers tightly closed.

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not smoke.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a cool place.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

- Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 4 °C.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### National limit values

#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Notation	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	Source
AU	acetaldehyde	75-07-0		WES	20	36	50	91	WES

#### Notation

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period unless otherwise specified

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average

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## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

#### Eye/face protection



Use safety goggle with side protection.

#### Skin protection



##### • hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

##### • type of material

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

##### • material thickness

0,7mm

##### • breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

##### • other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

Flame-retardant protective clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: AX-P3 (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds and particles, colour code: Brown/White).

Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. P2 (filters at least 94 % of airborne particles, colour code: White). Type: AX (gas filters and combined filters against low-boiling point organic compounds, colour code: Brown).

#### Environmental exposure controls

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	liquid (fluid)
Colour	colourless
Odour	stinging
Odour threshold	No data available

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### Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value)	5 (10 <sup>g/l</sup> , 20 °C)
Melting point/freezing point	-123 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	20 – 21 °C
Flash point	-20 °C (closed cup)
Evaporation rate	no data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant (fluid)
<u>Explosive limits</u>	
• lower explosion limit (LEL)	4 vol% (73 g/m <sup>3</sup> )
• upper explosion limit (UEL)	57 vol% (1,040 g/m <sup>3</sup> )
Explosion limits of dust clouds	not relevant
Vapour pressure	1,007 hPa at 20 °C
Density	0.78 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C
Vapour density	1.52 (air = 1)
Bulk density	Not applicable
Relative density	Information on this property is not available.
<u>Solubility(ies)</u>	
Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
<u>Partition coefficient</u>	
n-octanol/water (log KOW)	0.5 (OECD-117)
Auto-ignition temperature	140 °C - (DIN 51794)
Decomposition temperature	no data available
Viscosity	
• dynamic viscosity	0.21 mPa s at 20 °C
Explosive properties	Shall not be classified as explosive
Oxidising properties	none

### 9.2 Other information

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Risk of ignition. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. May form explosive peroxides.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

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## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Alcohols, Amines, Ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>), Acetic anhydride, Iron, Iodine, Ketone, Phenol, Phosphorus, Acids, Chlorates, Nitrate, Oxidisers, Perchlorates, Oxygen,  
=> Explosive properties

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

plastic and rubber

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Peroxides.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Exposure route	Endpoint	Value	Species	Source
inhalation: vapour	LC50	24 mg/l/4h	rat	TOXNET
oral	LD50	661 mg/kg	rat	TOXNET
dermal	LD50	3,540 mg/kg	rabbit	TOXNET

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

##### Carcinogenicity:

Suspected of causing cancer

##### • Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

##### • Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics



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- **If swallowed**

gastrointestinal complaints, vomiting, nausea

- **If in eyes**

Causes serious eye irritation

- **If inhaled**

irritant effects, cough, Dyspnoea, pulmonary oedema

- **If on skin**

slightly irritant, risk of absorption via the skin

### Other information

Other adverse effects: Headache, Spasms, Unconsciousness, Liver and kidney damage, Symptoms can occur only after several hours

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
LC50	30.8 mg/l	fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	ECHA	96 h
EC50	30.8 mg/l	fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	ECHA	96 h

#### Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Endpoint	Value	Species	Source	Exposure time
ErC50	249 mg/l	algae	ECHA	5 d

### 12.2 Process of degradability

The substance is readily biodegradable.  
Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.816 mg/mg  
Theoretical Carbon Dioxide: 1.998 mg/mg

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	80 %	14 d

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW) 0.5

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## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

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#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

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### 13.2 Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

### 13.3 Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	1089
14.2	UN proper shipping name	ACETALDEHYDE
	Hazardous ingredients	Acetaldehyde
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	3 (flammable liquids)
14.4	Packing group	I (substance presenting high danger)
14.5	Environmental hazards	none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations)

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### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### 14.8 Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### • Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

UN number	1089
Proper shipping name	ACETALDEHYDE
Particulars in the transport document	UN1089, ACETALDEHYDE, 3, I, (D/E)
Class	3
Classification code	F1
Packing group	I
Danger label(s)	3



Excepted quantities (EQ)	E0
Limited quantities (LQ)	0
Transport category (TC)	1
Tunnel restriction code (TRC)	D/E
Hazard identification No	33
<b>Emergency Action Code</b>	2YE

#### • International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number	1089
Proper shipping name	ACETALDEHYDE
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1089, ACETALDEHYDE, 3, I, -20°C c.c.
Class	3
Marine pollutant	-
Packing group	I
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP)	-
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E0
Limited quantities (LQ)	0
EmS	F-E, S-D


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Stowage category	E
• <b>International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)</b>	
UN number	1089
Proper shipping name	Acetaldehyde
Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN1089, Acetaldehyde, 3, I
Class	3
Packing group	I
Danger label(s)	3
	
Special provisions (SP)	A1
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E0

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### National inventories

Substance is listed in the following national inventories:

Country	National inventories	Status
AU	AICS	substance is listed
CA	DSL	substance is listed
CN	IECSC	substance is listed
EU	ECSI	substance is listed
EU	REACH Reg.	substance is listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	substance is listed
KR	KECI	substance is listed
MX	INSQ	substance is listed
NZ	NZIoC	substance is listed
PH	PICCS	substance is listed
TR	CICR	substance is listed
TW	TCSI	substance is listed
US	TSCA	substance is listed

#### Legend

AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

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### Legend

REACH Reg. REACH registered substances  
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory  
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
ppm	parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
STEL	short-term exposure limit
TWA	time-weighted average
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WES	Safe Work Australia: Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants

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## Key literature references and sources for data

- UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good
- Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

## List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H224	extremely flammable liquid and vapour
H302	harmful if swallowed
H319	causes serious eye irritation
H335	may cause respiratory irritation
H351	suspected of causing cancer

## Disclaimer

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.